## RCHD, VA PRAMS FACTS- 2022

The Virginia Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) is an ongoing, population-based survey of women who have delivered an infant in Virginia and is part of a national initiative by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to reduce infant morbidity and mortality. PRAMS gives a voice to thousands of new mothers each year, providing quality data for VDH and other policymakers. PRAMS data can be used to identify women and infants at high risk for health problems, to measure progress towards goals in improving health status, to investigate emerging issues, and so much more! In 2022, 977 mothers completed the survey and 348 of those women reside in the Richmond City Health District. This state-based survey data can be stratified by the Richmond City and Blue Ridge Health districts only. PRAMS data is collected using methods to ensure that it is representative of all new moms in a particular year.

Selected Indicators	Percentage (%) <sup>1</sup>	95% Cl <sup>2</sup>	Respondents <sup>3</sup>	Estimated Population <sup>4</sup>			
Before Pregnancy							
Pregnancy Intention							
Unintended Pregnancy	45.07	39.84, 50.29	143	1,269			
Mistimed pregnancy- wanted to become pregnant later/never	22.42	17.96, 26.88	72	628			
Among multiparous mothers							
1 or more previous live births	54.26	49.15, 59.37	177	1,546			
Previous preterm birth delivery	1.92	0.17, 3.67	6	54			
Chronic Disease							
Type I or II Diabetes	3.33	1.23, 5.41	6	94			
Hypertension of High Blood Pressure	6.45	3.63, 9.27	18	181			
Depression	16.90	12.97, 20.82	57	476			
Smoked in last 2 years	7.43	4.75, 10.10	26	209			
Among Smokers - Smoked 3 months before pregnancy	93.62	84.95, 100.00	24	195			
Drank in last 2 years	67.72	62.83, 72.61	234	1,909			
Among Drinkers - Drank 3 months before pregnancy	88.12	83.85, 92.39	207	1,674			
Experienced physical abuse before pregnancy	3.04	1.14, 4.94	6	86			
Daily vitamin use	42.26	37.20, 47.31	159	1,204			
During Pregnancy							
Prenatal Care							
<ul> <li>Inadequate prenatal care according to Kotelchuck index<sup>5</sup></li> </ul>	11.59	8.44, 14.75	44	330			
Began prenatal care during first trimester	96.52	94.73, 98.30	335	2,750			
No insurance to pay for prenatal care	9.58	6.43, 12.72	31	266			
Tested for HIV	35.14	28.75, 41.54	70	608			
Dental Indicators							
Discussed how to care for teeth and gums with healthcare worker	50.86	45.63, 56.09	178	1,429			
Went to the dentist about a problem	14.50	10.77, 18.24	48	404			





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Needed to see a dentist for a problem	20.20	15.94, 24.47	66	563
No insurance to cover dental care	18.05	14.14, 21.97	65	497
WIC enrollment	27.11	22.24, 31.97	81	762
Among Smokers - Smoked during last 3 months of pregnancy	2.36	0.78, 3.95	6	66
Among Drinkers - Drank at least 1 drink during last 3 months of pregnancy	18.56	13.92, 23.21	49	354
Discrimination or Harassment due to:				
My race, ethnicity, or culture	8.47	5.37, 11.58	25	233
My insurance or Medicaid status	5.06	2.73, 7.40	16	138
My weight	6.82	3.99, 9.64	20	187
My marital status	3.29	1.23, 5.36	6	90
Experienced physical abuse during pregnancy	3.40	1.46, 5.33	11	96
After Pregnancy				
Cesarean delivery (C-section)	30.01	25.14, 34.88	97	842
Health care worker asked about emotional or physical abuse at postpartum visit	64.73	59.46, 70.01	189	1,537
Breastfeeding				
Ever breastfed	92.19	89.13, 95.24	318	2,568
Breastfed for 1-10 weeks	25.28	20.72, 29.84	84	720
Breastfeeding at time of survey	63.48	58.15, 68.80	211	1,626
Felt depressed or loss of interest (postpartum depression)	13.35	9.63, 17.10	41	370
Postpartum checkup	85.97	82.03, 89.91	301	2,395
Infant placed to sleep on back only	75.17	70.36, 79.97	268	2,089
Received Home Visit	6.99	4.60, 9.39	28	193
Discussed postpartum contraception with healthcare provider	86.92	82.97, 90.87	263	2,064
Using postpartum contraception	81.50	77.33, 85.68	282	2,270
COVID-19 Experiences				
No support person in delivery room due to COVID-19 pandemic	1.24	0.03, 2.44	6	33
Did not attend postpartum care due to COVID-19 pandemic	12.36	8.64, 16.10	36	336
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percentage = Weighted percentage of Virginia mothers giving birth to live infants in 2022 who responded Yes or as indicated to the survey question for the specified indicator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Data elements with less than 10 observations are suppressed.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CI = confidence interval

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Respondents (N)= Total number of mothers who responded Yes to the survey question for the specified indicator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Estimated population = Weighted number of Virginia mothers who responded Yes or as indicated to the survey question for the specified indicator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The Kotelchuck Index, also called the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization (APNCU) Index, uses two criteria of measurement: when prenatal care began (initiation) and the number of prenatal visits from when prenatal care began until delivery (received services).